

# A Low-Power Compact HV TX/RX Switch Composed of Three HV-MOS Transistors for Ultrasound Imaging Front-End ASICs

Abdollah Amini

Department of Electrical, Computer, and Biomedical Engineering  
University of Pavia, Pavia, Italy 27100  
abdollah.amini01@universitadipavia.it

## SUMMARY

This paper presents a compact and low-power high-voltage (HV) transmit/receive (TX/RX) switch for ultrasound imaging front-end (FE) application-specific integrated circuits (ASICs). The proposed design is derived from a previously reported architecture and introduces several optimizations to improve power efficiency and silicon area. The switch is composed of only three HV MOS transistors to isolate low-voltage (LV) receiver circuits from bipolar excitation pulses up to  $200 V_{PP}$  while operating from a 3.3-V supply. To improve efficiency, the HV devices in the replica bias branch are replaced with LV transistors, the gate-source resistor is increased to reduce the bias current while maintaining the required gate drive voltage, and the conventional constant bias current is replaced with a pulsed current driver that charges the gate capacitance only during the TX-to-RX transition. Implemented in a 160-nm BCD-SOI technology, the proposed switch achieves an off-isolation of  $-42$  dB at 3 MHz with an on-resistance of  $190 \Omega$ . Compared with the previous architecture, the design reduces power consumption from  $660 \mu\text{W}$  to  $66 \mu\text{W}$  and decreases the silicon area by approximately 25%.

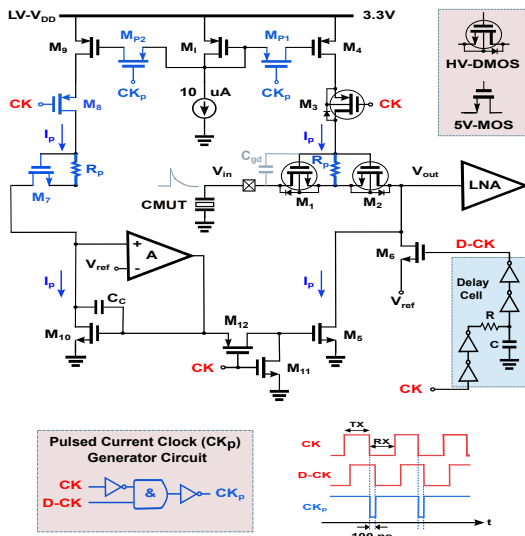


Fig. 1. Proposed HV TX/RX switch with its driver circuit.

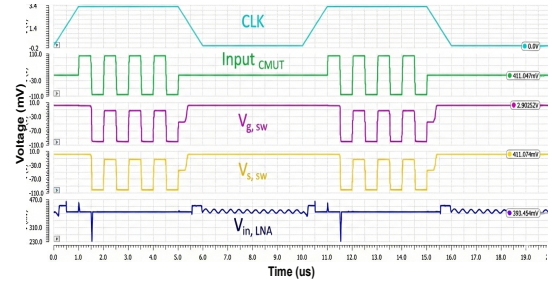


Fig. 2. Simulated waveforms of the proposed TX/RX switch.

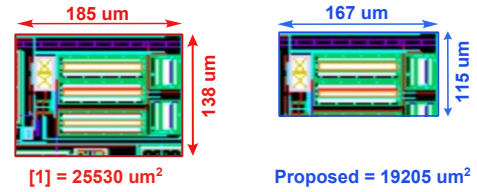


Fig. 3. Layout comparison between the previous work [1] (red) and the proposed design (blue).

TABLE I  
COMPARISON WITH OTHER WORKS

Ref. @ Year	[2]@2016	[3]@2018	[1]@2024	This Work
Technology	350-nm CMOS	350-nm CMOS	160-nm BCD-SOI	160-nm BCD-SOI
SW Supply	120-V	40-V	3.3-V	3.3-V
Number of HV MOSs	9	> 5	5	3
Static Power	N.A.	N.A.	$660\text{-}\mu\text{W}$	$66\text{-}\mu\text{W}$
Ron	$700\text{-}\Omega$	$180\text{-}\Omega$	$190\text{-}\Omega$	$190\text{-}\Omega$
Off-Isolation	$-34$ dB @ 10 MHz	$-35$ dB @ 10 MHz	$-42$ dB @ 3 MHz	$-42$ dB @ 3 MHz
Area	$26\ 000\text{-}\mu\text{m}^2$	$48\ 320\text{-}\mu\text{m}^2$	$25\ 530\text{-}\mu\text{m}^2$	$19\ 205\text{-}\mu\text{m}^2$

## REFERENCES

- [1] A. Amini, E. Moisello, P. Malcovati, and E. Bonizzoni, "A High-Voltage TX/RX Switch with 3.3-V Supply for Ultrasound Imaging Front-End ASICs," in *Proc. IEEE Int. Conf. Electronics, Circuits and Systems (ICECS)*, Nancy, France, 2024, pp. 1–4.
- [2] D. Osipov et al., "Current driver with read-out HV protection for neural stimulation," *IEEE Nordic Circuits Syst. Conf. (NORCAS)*, 2016, pp. 1–4.
- [3] H. Jung et al., "CMOS High-Voltage Analog 1–64 Multiplexer/Demultiplexer for Integrated Ultrasound Guided Breast Needle Biopsy," *IEEE Trans. Ultrasonic, Ferroelectrics, and Frequency Control*, vol. 65, no. 8, pp. 1334–1345, Aug. 2018.